

# **SYLLABUS**

of

**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING** 

(Third Year, Grading System)

Dr. A P J Abdul Kalam University, Indore

# **DR. A P J ABDUL KALAM UNIVERSITY, INDORE**

# **Syllabus for BE-Electronics & Communication Engineering**

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**Review of vector calculus:** orthogonal coordinate systems, gradient, divergence and curl. Laplacian operator for scalar and vectors. Vector integral and differential identities and theorems. Phasor representation of harmonic variation of scalar and vectors. **Static electric fields**: Columb's law, electric flux density and electric field intensity, permittivity, dielectric constant, field of distributed charges in free space, potential function, Laplace's and Poisson's equations, electric dipole, stored electric energy density. Boundary conditions at abrupt discontinuities between two media including conducting boundaries, surface charge distribution capacitance between two isolated conductors

#### Unit II

**Solution of Laplace's equations** in systems of dielectric and conducting boundaries, uniqueness theorem, two dimensional boundary condition problems, solution by symmetry, conformal transformation of functions, image theory etc. fields in parallel wire, parallel plane and coaxial systems. **Static currents and magnetic fields**- flow of charge in conductive media, lossy conductive medium, current density, specific conductivity, mobility, explanation of Ohm's law employing mobility. Magnetic effects of current flow, Biot-Savart's law in vector form magnetic field intensity, magnetic flux, and permeability, closed loop currents, Ampere's circuital law in integral and differential vector form, magnetic vector potential and related equations. Problems related to straight wire toroidal and cylindrical solenoids, inductance. Boundary conditions on magnetic field, equivalent surface currents for abrupt discontinuity of magnetic field.

#### Unit III

**Time varying fields** – Faraday's law in integral and differential forms, displacement current concept, Maxwell's equations in differential and integral forms, wave equations in source free region electric and magnetic stored energy density, continuity equation, Poynting vector theorem. Time harmonic fields, r.m.s. phasor representation of field vectors, Maxwell's equations for TH field, average energy density, complex Poynting vector, duality concept. Helmholtz wave equation, general solution in free space in various coordinates, plane polarized wave in free space, properties of plane waves, wave front, power flow, stored energy density.

#### Unit IV

**Circular and elliptic polarization**, resolution in terms of linear polarized waves and vice- versa. Plane waves in lossy medium, low loss dielectric, good conducting and ionized media, complex permittivity, loss tangent, skin depth, transmission line analogy, boundary conditions at perfect conductor surface, surface current density Interference of two plane waves traveling at oblique directions.

#### Unit V

**Reflection and refraction of plane waves** at dielectric media and conducting Surfaces, Brewster's angle, total internal reflection, resultant fields and power flow in both media. Frequency dispersive propagation, phase velocity and group velocity. Magnetic vector potential for sources in free space, retarded potential, radiation principles, boundary condition at infinity

#### References

- 1. Mathew N.O Sadiku: Elements of Electromagnetic, Oxford University Press
- 2. William H. Hayt: Engineering Electromagnetic, TMH.
- 3. John D. Kraus: Electromagnetics, Mc. Graw Hill.
- 4. Jordan Balmian: Electromagnetic wave and Radiating System, PHI.
- 5. David K. Cheng: Electromagnetic Fields and Wave, Addison Wesley.
- 6. Ramo, Whinnerry and Van Duzzer "Fields and waves in communication electronics ", Wiley 1984

**Telephone instruments and signals:** Introduction, the subscriber loop, standard telephone set, basic call procedure, call progress tones and signals, cordless telephones, caller identification, electronic telephones. **Telephone circuit:** Introduction, the local subscriber loop, channel noise and units of power measurements, transmission parameters, voice frequency circuit arrangements, crosstalk.

#### Unit II

**Public telephone network:** Introduction, transmission system environment, public telephone network, instruments, local loops, trunk circuits, - local central and operator-assisted exchanges, automated central office switches and exchanges, telephone numbering plan, telephone services, telephone switching hierarchy, common channel signalling system.

# Unit III

**Multiplexing of telephone channels:** Introduction, time division multiplexing, T1 digital carrier, digital hierarchy, digital carrier line encoding, T carrier systems, digital carrier frame synchronization, bit versus word interleaving, statistical TDM, codecs and combo chips, frequency division multiplexing, FDM hierarchy, composite baseband signal, formation of master group, wavelength division multiplexing.

#### Unit IV

**Data Communications:** Components, protocols and standards, standards organizations, line configuration, topology, transmission mode, digital signals, digital to digital encoding, digital data transmission, DTE-DCE interface, interface standards, modems, cable modem, transmission media-guided and unguided, transmission impairment, performance, wavelength and Shannon capacity.

#### Unit V

**Error detection and correction:** Types of error, error detection- redundancy check (longitudinal, vertical and cyclic), checksum, error correction-hamming code. **Switching:** Circuit switching (space-division, time division and space-time division), packet switching (virtual circuit and datagram approach), message switching.

# References

1. Tomasi: Advanced Electronic Communication Systems, PHI Learning.

2. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, TMH.

- 3. Tomasi: Introduction to Data Communication Systems, Pearson Education.
- 4. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communications, Pearson Education
- 5. Brijendra Singh: Data Communications and Networks, PHI Learning.

# Unit-I

**Random variables:** Cumulative distribution function, Probability density function, Mean, Variance and standard deviations of random variable, Gaussian distribution, Error function, Correlation and autocorrelation, Central-limit theorem, Error probability, Power Spectral density of digital data.

# Unit-II

#### **Digital conversion of Analog Signals**

Sampling theorem, sampling of band pass signals, Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM), types of sampling (natural, flat-top), equalization, signal reconstruction and reconstruction filters, aliasing and anti-aliasing filter, Pulse Width Modulation (PWM), Pulse Position Modulation (PPM). **Digital transmission of Analog Signals**: Quantization, quantization error, Pulse Code Modulation (PCM), companding, scrambling, TDM-PCM, Differential PCM, Delta modulation, Adaptive Delta modulation, vocoders.

#### Unit-III

**Digital Transmission Techniques:** Phase shift Keying (PSK)- Binary PSK, differential PSK, differentially encoded PSK, Quadrature PSK, M-ary PSK.Frquency Shift Keying (FSK)- Binary FSK (orthogonal and non-orthogonal), M-ary FSK. Comparison of BPSK and BFSK, Quadrature Amplitude Shift Keying (QASK), Minimum Shift Keying (MSK).

#### Unit-IV

**Other Digital Techniques** Pulse shaping to reduce inter channel and inter symbol interference-Duobinary encoding, Nyquist criterion and partial response signaling, Quadrature Partial Response (QPR) encoder decoder. Regenerative Repeater- eye pattern, equalizers. **Optimum Reception of Digital Signals:** Baseband signal receiver, probability of error, maximum likelihood detector, Bayes theorem, optimum receiver for both baseband and passband receiver- matched filter and correlator, probability of error calculation for BPSK and BFSK.

#### Unit-V

#### Information Theory

**Source Coding:** Introduction to information theory, uncertainty and information, average mutual information and entropy, source coding theorem, Huffman coding, Shannon-Fano-Elias coding, **Channel Coding:** Introduction, channel models, channel capacity, channel coding, information capacity theorem, Shannon limit.

# References

1. Taub and Schilling: Principles of Communication Systems, TMH.

2. Lathi: Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems, Oxford University Press.

3. Simon Haykins: Communication Systems, John Wiley.

- 4. Ranjan Bose: Information Theory, Coding and Cryptography, TMH.
- 5. Das, Mallik, Chatterjee: Principles of Digital Communication, New Age International
- 6. Skylar and Ray: Digital Communications, Pearson Education.

7. Rao: Digital Communications, TMH.

#### Architecture of 8086 Microprocessor

BIU and EU, register organization, pin diagram, memory organization, clock generator 8284, buffers and latches, 8288 bus controller, maximum and minimum modes.

#### Unit II

#### Assembly Language Programming of 8086

Instruction formats, addressing modes, instruction set, assembly language programming, ALP toolseditor, assembler, linker, locator, debugger, emulator. **8086 based multiprocessor systems Interconnection topologies,** coprocessors 8087 NDP, I/O processors 8089 IOP, bus arbitration and control, lightly and tightly coupled systems.

#### Unit III

#### Peripheral devices and their interfacing

Memory interfacing, Programmable input/output ports 8255, Programmable interval timer 8253, keyboard/ display controller 8279, CRT controller 8275, Programmable communication interface 8251 USART.

#### Unit IV

Interrupts of 8086: Interrupts and interrupt service routine, interrupt cycle, maskable and nonmaskable interrupts, interrupt programming. Programmable interrupt controller 8259. DMA in 8086: Basic DMA operation, modes of DMA transfer, DMA controller 8257.

#### Unit V

**8051 Microcontroller:** Features, architecture, Pin Diagram, memory organization, external memory interfacing, instruction syntax, data types, subroutines, addressing Modes, instruction set, ALP of 8051. Applications of 8051. **Embedded Systems :** Processor embedded into a system, embedded hardware units in a system, embedded software, software tools in design, examples of embedded systems, classification of embedded systems, design process in embedded system, design metrics, abstraction of steps in the design process, challenges in embedded system design, applications of embedded systems, smart card.

# References

1. Ray and Bhurchandi: Advanced microprocessors and peripherals, TMH.

2. Brey: The Intel Microprocessors, Architecture, Programming and Interfacing, Pearson Education.

3. Senthil Kumar: Microprocessors and interfacing, Oxford University press.

4. Bahadure: Microprocessors 8086 and Pentium family, PHI Learning.

5. Udayashankara and Mallikarjunaswamy: 8051 Microcontroller, TMH.

6. Mazidi and Mazidi: The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, Pearson Education

7. Raj Kamal: Embedded Systems, TMH.

8. D. V. Hall: Microprocessors and Interfacing, TMH.

**Characteristic Parameters of symmetrical and asymmetrical two port networks and their design:** Image impedance, iterative impedance, characteristic impedance, propagation coefficient, image transfer coefficient, iterative transfer coefficient, Lattice and Bridged T networks, reactive matching networks, matching techniques, insertion loss, symmetrical and asymmetrical attenuators and their design.

#### Unit II

#### Passive LC Filters

Analysis and design of Low pass, high pass, band pass and band elimination filters, m-derived filters, composite filters, Filter specifications, Butterworth approximation, Chebyshev approximation, elliptic function approximation, frequency transformation.

# Unit III

**Positive real function** LC, RL, RC, and RLC network synthesis, Foster and Cauer network, minimum positive real function, Brune's method, Bott-Duffin method, Synthesis-Coefficient.

#### Unit IV

**Transmission line fundamentals** Lumped parameter equivalent, voltage and current on a transmission line, infinite line, characteristic impedance and propagation constant, waveform distortion, attenuation and phase equalizers, distortion-less line, loading, liner reflection on a line, reflection coefficient, input and transfer impedances, open circuit and short circuit line, reflection factors, reflection loss, insertion loss, T and  $\pi$  equivalents of a line, location of line fault, construction and design of two wire line and coaxial cable.

#### Unit V

Line at radio frequencies: Parameters of line and coaxial cable at radio frequencies, dissipationless line, voltage and current on a dissipation-less line, standing waves, standing wave ratio, input impedance of open circuit and short circuit, power and impedance measurement on lines, eighthwave, quarter-wave and half wave line, circle diagram, Smith chart, solution of problems using Smith chart, single and double stub matching .introduction to microstrip lines and its analysis.

# References

1. Ryder: Networks and Transmission Lines, PHI Learning.

- 2. Valkenberg: Introduction to Modern Network synthesis, Wiley India.
- 3. Suresh: Electric Circuits and Networks, Pearson Education.
- 4. Raju: Electromagnetic field theory and Transmission Lines, Pearson Education.
- 5. Ganesan: Transmission Lines and Waveguides, TMH.
- 6. Rao: Electromagnetic Waves and Transmission Lines, PHI learning.

Sub Code 503P

# Sub Name: Digital Communication

#### EXPERIMENTS LIST:

- 1. Study of Sampling Process and Signal Reconstruction and Aliasing.
- 2. Study of PAM, PPM and PDM.
- 3. Study of PCM Transmitter and Receiver.
- 4. Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) and Demultiplexing.
- 5. Study of ASK, PSK and FSK Transmitter and Receiver.

# EXPERIMENTS LIST:

- 1. Assembly Language Programs of Microprocessor 8086.
- 2. Assembly Language Programs of Microcontroller 8051.
- 3. Assembly Language Programs for Interfacing Chips.

#### **EXPERIMENTS LIST:**

- 1. To set up the standing waves formation on a transmission line and observe their maxima and minima using frequency domain method.
- 2. To measure the characteristic impedance of transmission lines using frequency domain method and to differentiate between the matched and unmatched lines.
- 3. To measure the VSWR, reflection coefficient and return loss in a transmission line.
- 4. To measure the dielectric constant of insulator in the transmission line.
- 5. To measure the velocity of propagation and wavelength in the given transmission line.
- 6. To study the attenuation characteristics of signal along a transmission line and observe its variation with frequency. Also calculate the phase constant and propagation constant.
- 7. To study the effect of reactive loads on transmission lines.
- 8. To study the difference between lossy and loss less line.
- 9. To study the physical dimensions of transmission line and estimation of characteristic impedance.
- 10. To study behavior of infinite and short lines.
- 11. To study the operation of Balun transformer.
- 12. To study the loading of transmission lines and estimate the cut off frequency of a loaded line.
- 13. To study the use of coaxial lines as tuned circuits and delay lines.
- 14. To study the input and output impedance of any RF circuits and match it to 50/75 ohms.
- 15. Simulation of various filters

Sub Code EC506P

Sub Name: Electronic Design Lab - I

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVE**

Study of simulation/ verification software (any one- LAB-VIEW/KTECHLAB/ GNU CIRCUIT ANALYSIS PACKAGE/ LOGISIM/ MULTISIM/ SCILAB etc).

Overview and Study of the key features and applications of the software.

Application of the software in the field of Electronic Circuits, Digital Electronics and Analog Communication. Design, Optimization, simulation and verification of

- 1. Electronic circuits (example amplifiers, oscillators etc).
- 2. Realization and verification of various digital electronic circuits (example logic gates, adders, subtractors etc)
- 3. Realization of various signals and communication link etc.

Students should simulate and verify at least six circuits they are learning in the current semester.

Sub Name: Soft Skill - I

#### **Objective:**

To develop conversation skills, group skills, persuasion skills, presentation skills, critical and creative thinking, emotional skills, positive thinking and vocational skills.

# Unit I

Development of Proficiency in English :

- Practice on Oral and spoken communication skill & testing -
- voice & accent, voice clarity, voice modulation & intonation, word stress etc.
- Feedback and questioning Technique
- Objectiveness in Argument
- Development etiquettes and manners
- Study of different pictorial expression of non-verbal communication and its analysis

#### Unit II

Microsoft office & Internet

- Microsoft word, Microsoft power point, Microsoft Excel,
- use of skype, use of internet

# Unit III

Communication skills:

- Visual, nonverbal and aural communication,
- Understanding the communicative environment,
- Understanding the communicative environment,
- What to listen for and why,
- When to speak and how
- Starting and sustaining a conversation

#### Unit IV

Communication skills Visual, nonverbal and aural communication

- The world of visual culture, Visual perception
- The aural: Its relevance and impact
- The body and the way it communicates
- The face, its expressions and what it says

#### Unit V

Concept of 4 methods for presentation

- Preparation & introduction, Presentation
- Evaluation / feedback
- Summarization / Conclusion
- Presentation Skill practice, Preparing in presentation, Delivery of presentation

# References

- 1. E.H. Mc Grath: S.J.:Basic Managerial Skills for All (Published by Phi)
- 2. Allen Pease:Body Language(published by agreement and Pease international)
- 3. Joan Lambert: Microsoft Office 2016 Step by Step (Step By Step (Microsoft)

**Objective of GD and seminar** is to improve the MASS COMMUNICATION and CONVINCING/ understanding skills of students and it is to give student an opportunity to exercise their rights to express themselves.

**Evaluation** will be done by assigned faculty based on group discussion and power point presentation.

#### Unit-I

Power Supplies : Power supply, rectifiers (half wave, full wave), performance parameters of power supplies, filters (capacitor, inductor, inductor-capacitor, pi filter), bleeder resistor, voltage multipliers. Regulated power supplies (series and shunt voltage regulators, fixed and adjustable voltage regulators, current regulator), switched regulator (SMPS), comparison of linear and switched power supply, switch mode converter (flyback, buck, boost, buk-boost, cuk converters).

# Unit-II

Thyristors : Silicon controlled rectifies (SCR), constructional features, principle of operation, SCR terminology, turn-on methods, turn-off methods, triggereing methods of SCR circuits, types of commutation, comparison of thyristors and transistors, thermal characteristics of SCR, causes of damage to SCR, SCR overvoltage protection circuit, seies and parrel operation of sCRs, Line commutated converters (half wave rectifier with inductive and resistive load, single phase and three phase full wave rectifiers).

# Unit-III

Other members of SCR family: Triacs, Diacs, Quadracs, recovery characteristics, fast recovery diodes, power diodes, power transistor, power MOSFET, Insulated gate bipolar transistor (IGBT), loss of power in semiconductor devices, comparison between power MOSFET, power transistor and power IGBT.

# Unit-IV

Applications of OP-AMP : Basics of OP-AMP, relaxation oscillator, window comparator, Op-comp as rectangular to triangular pulse converter and vice- versa, Wien bridge oscillator, function generator, frequency response of OP-AMP, simplified circuit diagram of OP-AMP, power supplies using OP-AMP, filters (low-pass, high pass) using OP-AMP.

# Unit-V

Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) : Functions, applications, advantages and disadvantages of PLC over conventional relay controllers, comparison of PLC with process control computer system, factors to be considered in selecting PLC, functional block diagram of PLC, microprocessor in PLC, memory, input and output modules (interface cards), sequence of operations in a PLC, status of PLC, event driven device, ladder logic language, simple process control applications of PLC, Programming examples.

# References

- 1. Bishwanath Paul: Industrial Electronics and control, PHI Learning.
- 2. Rashid: Power Electronics- Circuits, devices and applications, Pearson Education.
- 3. Singh and Khanchandani: Power Electronics, TMH
- 4. Bhimbra: Power Electronics, Khanna Publishers.
- 5. Moorthi: Power Electronics, Oxford University Press.
- 6. Webb: Programmable Logic Controllers- Principles and Applications, PHI Learning.
- 7. Petruzulla: Programmable Logic Controllers, TMH.

#### Unit-I

Introduction to cellular mobile system : A basic cellular system, performance criteria, uniqueness of mobile radio environment, operation of cellular systems, planning of cellular system. Elements of cellular radio system design : General description of problem, concept of frequency reuse channels, co-channel interference reduction factor, desired C/I in an omni-directional antenna system, hand off mechanism, cell splitting, components of cellular systems.

#### Unit-II

Cell coverage for signal and traffic: General introduction, mobile point-to-point model, propagation over water or flat open area, foliage loss, propagation in near- in distance, long distance propagation, path loss from point-to-point prediction model, cell site antenna heights and signal coverage cells, mobile-to-mobile propagation. Cell site antennas and mobile antennas : Equivalent circuits of antennas, gain and pattern relationship, sum and difference patterns, antennas at cell site, unique situations of cell site antennas, mobile antennas.

# Unit-III

Cochannel interference reduction: Cochannel interference, real time cochannel interference measurement at mobile radio transceivers, design ofantenna systems - omni directional and directional, lowering the antenna height, reduction of cochannel interference, umbrella- pattern effect, diversity receiver, designing a system to serve a predefined area that experiences cochannel interference. Types of Noncochannel interference : Adjacent channel interference, near-end-far-end interference, effect on near-end mobile units, cross-talk, effects of coverage and interference by applying power decrease, antenna height decrease, beam tilting, effects of cell site components, interference between systems, UHF TV interference, long distance interference.

#### Unit-IV

Frequency management and Channel Assignment : Frequency management, frequency spectrum utilization, setup channels, channel assignment, fixed channel assignment, non-fixed channel assignment algorithms, additional spectrum, traffic and channel assignment, perception of call blocking from the subscribers Handoffs and dropped calls : Value of implementing handoffs, initiation of handoff, delaying a handoff, forced handoff, queuing of handoff, power- difference handoff, mobile assisted handoff and soft handoff, cell-site handoff and intersystem handoff, dropped call rate formula.

# Unit-V

Digital Cellular Systems: GSM- architecture, layer modelling, transmission, GSM channels and channel modes, multiple access scheme. CDMA- terms of CDMA systems, output power limits and control, modulation characteristics, call processing, hand off procedures. Miscellaneous mobile systems- TDD systems, cordless phone, PDC, PCN, PCS, non cellular systems.

# References

- 1. Lee: Cellular and Mobile Telecommunication- Analog & digital systems, TMH.
- 2. Rappaport: Wireless Communications- principles and practice, Pearson Education.
- 3. Lee: Mobile communications design fundamentals, Wiley India.
- 4. Faher Kamilo: Wireless Digital Communication, PHI Learning.
- 5. Raj Kamal: Mobile Computing, Oxford University Press.

# Unit – I

Discrete-Time Signals and Systems : Discrete-time signals, discrete-time systems, analysis of discrete time linear time-invariant systems, discrete time systems described by difference equation, solution of difference equation, implementation of discrete-time systems, stability and causality, frequency domain representation of discrete time signals and systems.

# Unit – II

The z-Transform : The direct z-transform, properties of the z-transform, rational z-transforms, inversion of the z transform, analysis of linear time-invariant systems in the z- domain, block diagrams and signal flow graph representation of digital network, matrix representation.

# Unit – III

Frequency Analysis of Discrete Time Signals: Discrete fourier series (DFS), properties of the DFS, discrete Fourier transform (DFT), properties of DFT, two dimensional DFT, circular convolution.

# Unit – IV

Efficient Computation of the DFT: FFT algorithms, decimation in time algorithm, decimation in frequency algorithm, decomposition for 'N' composite number.

# Unit – V

Digital filters Design Techniques: Design of IIR and FIR digital filters, Impulse invariant and bilinear transformation, windowing techniques- rectangular and other windows, examples of FIR filters, design using windowing.

# References

1. Oppenheim and Schafer: Digital Signal Processing, PHI Learning.

- 2. Johnny R. Johnson: Introduction to Digital Signal Processing, PHI Learning.
- 3. Proakis: Digital Signal Processing, Pearson Education.
- 4. Rabiner and Gold: Theory and Application of Digital Signal Processing, PHI Learning.
- 5. Ingle and Proakis: Digital Signal Processing- A MATLAB based Approach, Thompson, Cengage Learning.

Radiation: Potential function and the Electromagnetic field, potential functions for Sinusoidal Oscillations, retarded potential, the Alternating current element (or oscillating Electric Dipole), Power radiated by a current element, Application to short antennas, Assumed current distribution, Radiation from a Quarter wave monopole or Half wave dipole, sine and cosine integral, Electromagnetic field close to an antenna, Solution of the potential equations, Far-field Approximation.

# Unit II

Antenna Fundamentals : Introduction, network theorems, directional properties of dipole antennas, travelling –wave antennas and effect of feed on standing-wave antennas, two –element array, horizontal patterns in broad-cast arrays, linear arrays, multiplication of patterns, effect of earth on vertical patterns, Binomial array, antenna gain, effective area.

#### Unit III

Types of antennas : Babinet's principles and complementary antenna, horn antenna, parabolic reflector antenna, slot antenna, log periodic antenna, loop antenna, helical antenna, biconical antenna, folded dipole antenna, Yagi-Uda antenna, lens antenna, turnstile antenna. Long wire antenna: resonant and travelling wave antennas for different wave lengths, V-antenna, rhombic antenna, beverage antenna, microstrip antenna.

#### Unit IV

Antenna array synthesis: Introduction, retarded potentials, array structures, weighting functions, linear array analysis, different forms of linear arrays, Schelknoff unit circle, linear array synthesis, sum and difference patterns, Dolph- Chebychev synthesis of sum pattern, Taylor synthesis of sum patterns, Bayliss synthesis of difference patterns, planar arrays, arrays with rectangular boundary.

#### Unit V

Propagation of radio waves: Fundamentals of electromagnetic waves, effects of the environment, modes of propagation. Ground wave propagation- Introduction, plane earth reflection, space wave and surface wave, transition between surface and space wave, tilt of wave front due to ground losses. Space wave propagation- Introduction, field strength relation, effects of imperfect earth, curvature of earth and interference zone, shadowing effect of hills and buildings, absorption by atmospheric phenomena, variation of field strength with height, super refraction, scattering, tropospheric propagation, fading, path loss calculations. Sky wave propagation- Introduction, structural details of the ionosphere, wave propagation mechanism, refraction and reflection of sky waves by ionosphere, ray path, critical frequency, MUF, LUF, OF, virtual height, skip distance, relation between MUF and skip distance.

# References

1. Jordan and Balmain: Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating System, PHI Learning.

- 2. Krauss: Antennas and wave propagation, TMH.
- 3. Balanis: Antenna Theory Analysis and Design, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Harish and Sachidananda: Antennas and wave propagation, Oxford University Press.
- 5. Raju: Antennas and Wave Propagation, Pearson Education.
- 6. Kennedy: Electronic Communication Systems, TMH.

Introduction : Introduction to CMOS VLSI circuit, VLSI design flow, Design strategies, Hierarachy, regularity, modularity, locality, MOS Transistor as a Switches, CMOS Logic, Combinational circuit, latches and register, Introduction of CAD Tool, Design entry, synthesis, functional simulation.

# Unit II

Specification of sequential systems: Characterizing equation & definition of synchronous sequential machines. Realization of state diagram and state table from verbal description, Mealy and Moore model machines state table and transition diagram. Minimization of the state table of completely and incompletely specified sequential machines.

# Unit III

Asynchronous Sequential Machine: Introduction to asynchronous sequential machine, Fundamental mode and Pulse mode asynchronous sequential machine, Secondary state assignments in asynchronous sequential machine, races and hazards.

# Unit IV

State Machine: Algorithmic state machine and fundamental concept of hardware/ firmware algorithms. Controllers and data system designing.

# Unit V

Fault Detection in combinational circuit : Types of faults, Fault detection using Boolean Difference and path sensitization method. Concept of PROM, PLA, PAL, CPLD and FPGA, PALASM software applications.

# References

1. Neil Weste: Principle of CMOS VLSI Design, TMH.

- 2. Kohavi: Switching & Finite Automata Theory, TMH.
- 3. Lee: Digital Circuits and Logic Design, PHI Learning..
- 4. Roth Jr.: Fundamentals of Logic Design, Jaico Publishing House.

5. Parag K. Lala: Fault Tolerant and Fault Testable Hardware Design, BS Publication.

Sub Code EC603P

# List of Experiments:

1. Generation, analysis and plots of discrete-time signals.

2. Implementation of operations on sequences (addition, multiplication, scaling, shifting, folding etc).

3. Implementation of Linear time-invariant (LTI) systems and testing them for stability and causality.

4. Computation and plot of DTFT of sequences, verification of properties of DTFT.

5. Computation and plots of z-transforms, verification of properties of z-transforms.

6. Computation and plot of DFT of sequences, verification of properties of DFT.

7. Computation and plots of linear/circular convolution of two sequences.

8. Computation of radix-2 FFT- Decimation in time and Decimation in frequency.

9. Implementation of IIR and FIR filter structures (direct, cascade, parallel etc).

10. Implementation of various window design techniques (Rectangular, Bartlett, Hann, Hamming etc).

Sub Code 604P

# List of Experiments:

- 1. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of an Omni Directional Antenna.
- 2. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Directional Antenna.
- 3. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Parabolic Reflector Antenna.
- 4. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Log Periodic Antenna.
- 5. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Patch Antenna.
- 6. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Dipole/ Folded Dipole Antenna.
- 7. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Yagi (3-EL/4EL) Antenna.
- 8. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Monopole/ WHIP/ Collinear Antenna.
- 9. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Broad site Antenna.
- 10. To Plot the Radiation Pattern of a Square Loop Antenna.

# List of Experiments:

- 1) Study of Simulation using tools.
- 2) Design Entry and Simulation of Combinational Logic Circuits
  - a) Basic logic gates
  - b) Half adder and full adder
  - c) Half Sub tractor and full sub tractor
  - d) 8 bit adder
  - e) 4 bit multiplier
  - f) Encoder and Decoder
  - g) Address Decoder
  - h) Multiplexer
- 3) Design Entry and Simulation of Sequential Logic Circuits
  - a) Flip-Flops
  - b) Counter
  - c) PRBS generator
  - d) Accumulator
- 4) Study of Synthesis tools
- 5) Place and Route and Back annotation for FPGAs

6) Schematic Entry and SPICE Simulation a) CMOS Inverter b) Universal Gate c) Differential Amplifier

Sub Code EC606P

Sub Name: Electronic Design Lab - II

# Study of simulation software (any one Scilab/ MATLAB etc.)

Introduction to Scilab / Matab, Study of Scilab / Matlab programming environment, Modeling, Design and development of Programs.

Overview and Study of the key features and applications of the software.

Application of the software in the field of Control Systems, Data Communications and Communication Systems.

1. Programs Related to Control System- open-loop and closed loop control system, frequency response plots, determining transient response, specifications of second order system, effect of PID controller on control system, Bode plot, Nyquist plot and Root Locus plot, state space analysis.

2. Programs Related to Communication Systems--Simulation of a Communication System (Generation, addition of noise and Detection), AM, FM, PM, PAM, PCM, PSK, FSK etc.

3. Programs related to Data Communications- simulations of CRC, LRC, VRC, hamming codes, line encoding techniques.

#### **References**:

- 1. Rudra Pratap: Getting Started with MATLAB, Oxford University Press.
- 2. http://www.scilab.in
- 3. http://ekalavya.it.iitb.ac.in/contents.do?topic=Scilab
- 4. Vinu V. Das: Programming in Scilab, New Age Publisher.
- 5. Chapman Stephen J.: MATLAB Programming for Engineers, Thomson Cengage
- 6. Proakis: Contemporary Communication System Using MATLAB; Thomson Cengage.
- 7. Kuo: Automatic Control Systems, PHI Learning.
- 8. Singh and Chaudhari: Matlab Programming, PHI Learning

Sub Name: Soft Skill - II

Objectives: To make students well versed with at the business communication skills.

# Unit I

Essential and vocational skills: survival strategies

- Managing time, Managing stress
- Resilience
- Work-life balance
- Applying soft-skills to workplace

# Unit II

Written Communication Skill Practice for:

- Correction of errors
- Making of Sentences, Paragraph Writing
- Leave Application and simple letter writing

# Unit III

Team Building / Coordination Skills

- Team Building Practices through group exercises, team task / role play
- Ability to mixing & accommodation
- Ability to work together

# Unit IV

#### Self Management

- Self Evaluation, Self Discipline, Self Criticism
- Recognition of one's own limits and deficiencies
- Independency etc.
- Thoughtful & Responsible
- Self Awareness

# Unit V

Team Management Technique

- Practice by game play & other
- learning methodology for achieving
- targets and getting of right first time

# **References**:

Soft skills Training – A workbook to develop skills for employment by Fredrick H. Wentz
Personality Development and Soft skills, Oxford University Press by Barun K. Mitra
The Time Trap : the Classic book on Time Management by R. Alec Mackenzi

**Objective of GD and seminar** is to improve the MASS COMMUNICATION and CONVINCING/ understanding skills of students and it is to give student an opportunity to exercise their rights to express themselves.

**Evaluation** will be done by assigned faculty based on group discussion and power point presentation.